

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Addiese: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS FO Box 1450 Alexandra, Virginia 22313-1450 www.upub.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/666,319	09/19/2003	Robert Edward Wilson	10030442-1	7914
57299 Kathy Manke	7590 05/29/200	9	EXAMINER	
Avago Technologies Limited			CHIEM, DINH D	
4380 Ziegler Fort Collins, 0			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2883	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/29/2009	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

avagoip@system.foundationip.com kathy.manke@avagotech.com scott.weitzel@avagotech.com

Application No. Applicant(s) 10/666,319 WILSON ET AL. Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit ERIN D. CHIEM 2883 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 January 2009. 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 1-5 and 7-9 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-5 and 7-9 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.

10) The drawing(s) filed on _____is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.

Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).

12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).

2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.

Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.

Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).

11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

a) All b) Some * c) None of:

3.∟	Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
* See the	e attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Mromation-Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/95/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)Mail Date. 5) Action of Informal Pater LApplication 6) Other:	

Application/Control Number: 10/666,319

Art Unit: 2883

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1-3 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Boscha (US 2002/0136504 A1). Boscha discloses an optical assembly (Fig. 1) comprising a package including an optoelectronic component (28); an alignment feature (microlens 20, specifically convex lens 22) mounted to the surface of the package (28); and a sleeve (glass ferrule 24) defining only one bore (D) with an inner surface having a constant inner diameter for receiver and contacting outer surfaces of the alignment feature (glass ferrule 24 and convex lens 22) and a ferrule (23b) of a fiber connector (30) when the alignment feature and the ferrule are inserted into the bore at opposite ends of the bore so they can be aligned relative to each other.

Regarding claim 2, Boscha discloses an optical assembly comprising a package including an optoelectronic component (28); an alignment feature mounted to a surface of the package (glass ferrule 24 and convex lens 22); a sleeve (glass ferrule 24) defining only one bore with an inner surface having a constant inner diameter (D); a fiber optic connector comprising a ferrule (rubber sleeve 23b); wherein the alignment feature and the ferrule are inserted into the bore D at opposite ends of the bore so they can be aligned relative to each other. Regarding the limitation

a fiber optic connector, the specification does not particularly define "a fiber optic connector," thus in the broadest interpretation the optical fiber would be considered a fiber optic connector since an optical fiber of Boscha would be the connection between the photodiode and the output of the optical path to another device or to a viewer.

Regarding claim 3, the examiner considers the glass ferrule (24) to be a cylindrical post having a hole allowing a light emitted by the package to pass through since the cylindrical post passively aligns the optical signal between the package and the fiber by forming a tight fit around the convex lens 22 and the a tight fit around the optical fiber 30.

Regarding claim 5, the solid partial sphere is disclosed by Boscha convex lens 22. The convex section protrudes from the solid substrate of the microlens 20, forming half of a sphere.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior at are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Boscha in view of Gilliland et al.(US 6,416,238 B1). Boscha disclose the invention of claim 1, however, Gilliland does not disclose the alignment feature comprises a solid post comprising a transmissive material allowing a light emitted by the package to pass through. Gilliland discloses in Fig. 2 element 20 a transparent solid post which is mounted on the substrate (48) acting as a passive alignment feature wherein the sleeve 34 having a bore hole makes contact with the outer surfaces of the

alignment feature. The light from the optoelectronic substrate would be transmissive through the transparent solid post (20). It would having been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to recognize the disclosure of Gilliland would be modifiable to the art of Boscha since they both are in the same field of endeavor. The motivation a solid transmissive post would have been to make the device cost effective since the design is not greatly concerning with confining light in a certain transmission wavelength of mode but only rather a light relaying means in which a solid post (20) as disclosed by Gilliland can performed that would cost less than a refined collimating lens.

Claims 7 -9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Boscha in view of Freeman (US 5,195,156). Boscha discloses the invention of claim 2, however, Boscha does not disclose:

- An optical connector selected from the group consisting of an LC, ST, SC, and FC connector
- The package is selected from a group consisting of an optoelectronic chip enclosure and a TO-can (transistor outline can).
- The optoelectric component is a laser.

Freeman discloses the state of the art at the time of Freeman's invention utilizes the laser optoelectronic package in an ST type connector. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to recognize Freeman's disclosure would be modifiable in the art of Boscha since the motivation would be to provide an optoelectronic device that is capable of

coupling with a standardized connector type such that the device may be universally apply in any application which requires an ST, SC, FC, or LC type connector. Well known standardized connector types are ST, SC, FC, LC etc. Please refer to Gruber Industries cable c connector reference page (http://www.arcelect.com/fibercable.htm). Furthermore Freeman also discloses an optoelectronic chip enclosure (Fig. 2) and the optoelectronic is chosen from a group of LED (light emitting diode). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to recognize the disclosure of Freeman is modifiable in the art of Boscha since optoelectronic chip enclosure and light emitting diode are well-known optical elements which are involved in the design of an optoelectronic device such as one disclosed by Boscha. Furthermore the difference between a photodiode and a light emitting diode is the flow of current; thus one having ordinary skill can easily modify a light detector with a light emitting and vice versa.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments, see Remarks, filed 1/29/09 with respect to the rejection(s) of claim(s) 1-2 under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of Boscha, Gilliland and Freeman.

Art Unit: 2883

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ERIN D. CHIEM whose telephone number is (571)272-3102. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday 9AM - 5PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Frank G. Font can be reached on (571) 272-2415. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Erin D Chiem/ Examiner, Art Unit 2883 /Frank G Font/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2883

/edc